Finding patterns in Google Analytics data using PHP



Jason Bailey
Brighton PHP October 2013

To cover

- Look at Time Series Data
- See data in Time domain (time series) and Frequency domain (using Fourier Transform)
- FFT Fast Fourier Transform –Examples in Matlab
- PHP to get Data from Google Analytics
- PHP to process the data
- Use d3.js to present the JSON data (WIP)
- WIP not quite finished (sorry)
- Code at:

http://www.jasonbailey.net/stuff/brighton-php-october-2013-talk/

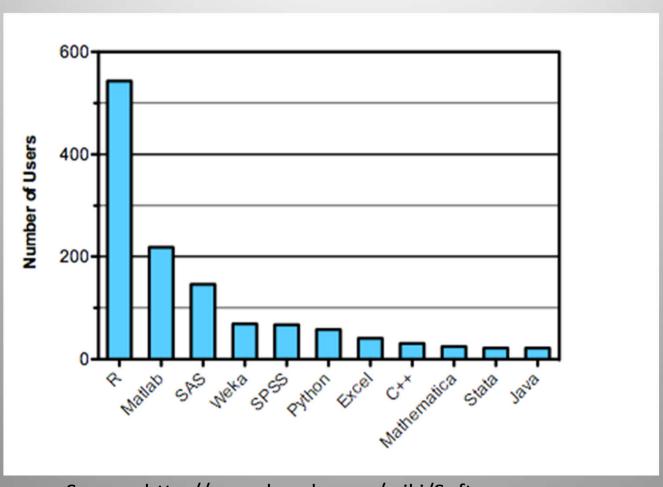
Why look for patterns?

- Prediction of load on server/application based on a model
- When is a good time to introduce a product or downtime
- Model (predict) profit based on demographics

Is this a good way to do it?

- PHP + d3.js I started thinking no, but
- Automated
- During development find good tools to quickly see the results
 - Matlab expensive
 - R Free
- Charts/images are out of date quickly –automate to keep data fresh
- Open up scientific data usually not available online

People on Kaggle use



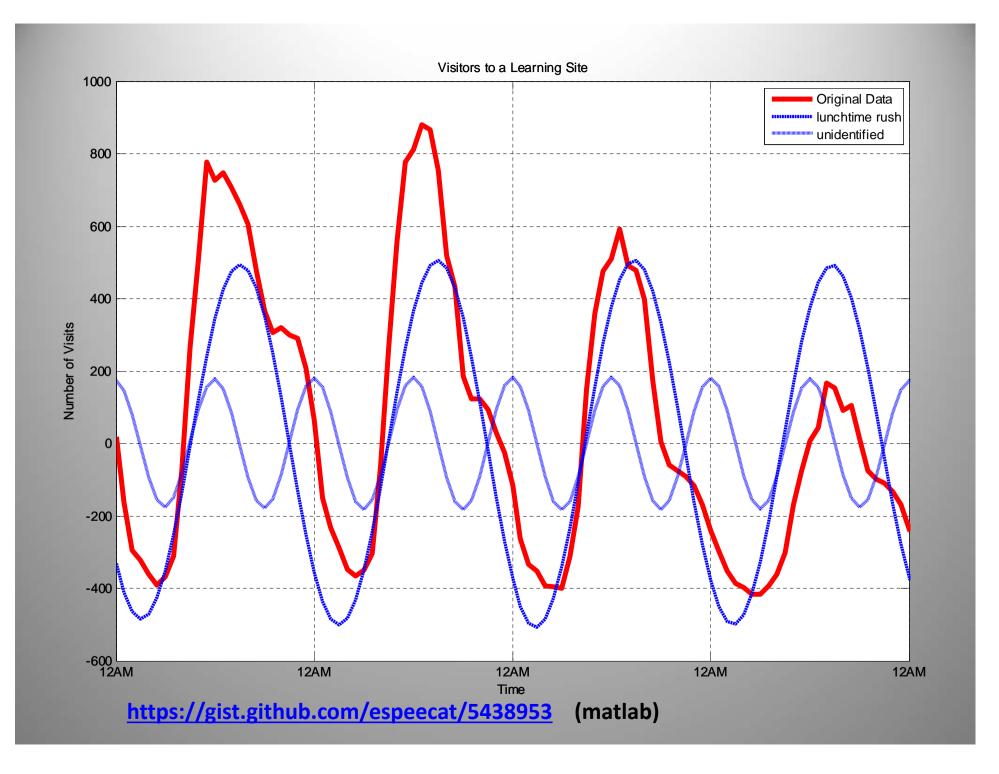
Source: http://www.kaggle.com/wiki/Software

What is Time Series Data

- A sequence of data points
- Typically at successive points in time spaced at uniform time intervals
- Used:

statistics, signal processing, pattern recognition, finance, weather forecasting, earthquake prediction, control engineering and communications engineering

What if we want to extract a pattern from time series data?



A sine wave or sinusoid

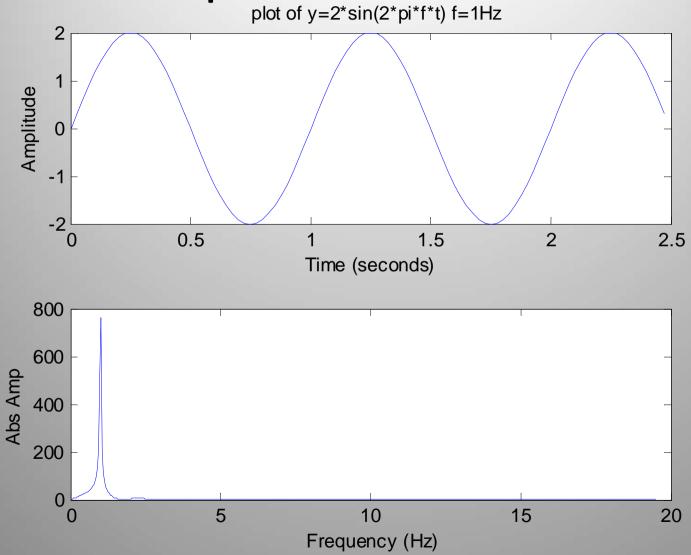
y(t) = A sin(2πft +φ) Sometimes 2πfwritten as ω

Cosine too

Much better to see it in a graph

- Use a tool like Matlab/R while developing
- Process data and make it look nice using d3.js
- The Fourier Transform splits time series data into discreet frequency components (sinusoids)

An example of a sinusoid and FFT

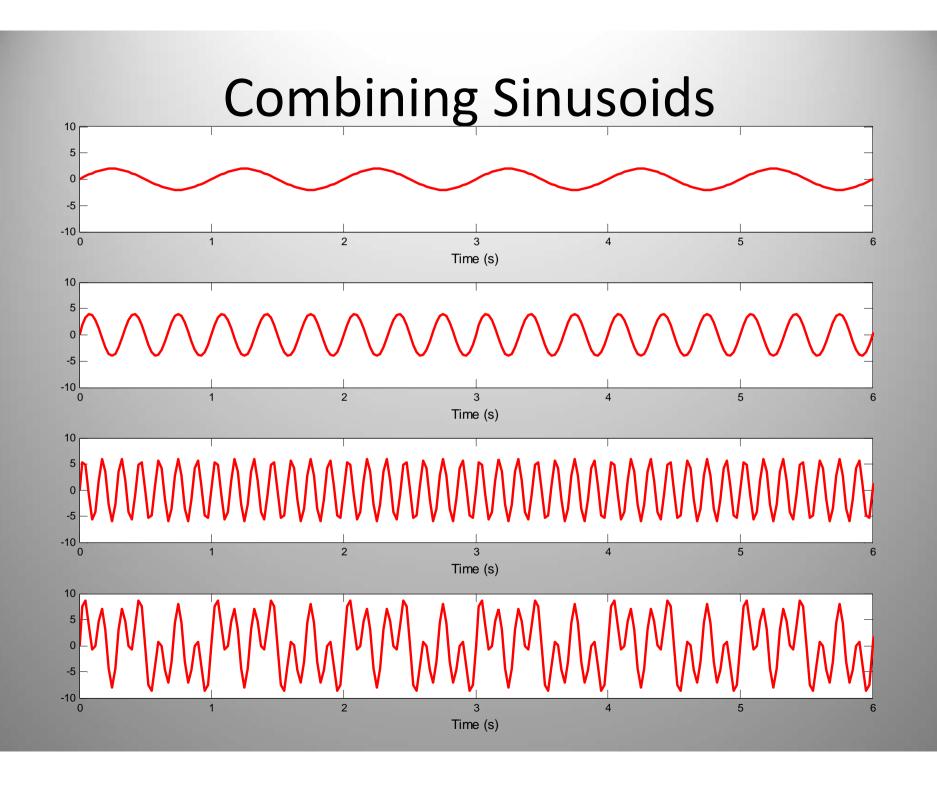


https://gist.github.com/espeecat/5439069 (matlab)

The Fourier Transform (FFT)

- Based on Fourier Series represent periodic time series data as a sum of sinusoidal components (sine and cosine)
- (Fast) Fourier Transform [FFT] represent time series in the frequency domain (frequency and power)
- The Inverse (Fast) Fourier Transform [IFFT] is the reverse of the FFT
- Like graphic equaliser on music player

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(nx) + b_n \sin(nx)$$



Looking at the Fourier Transforms Frequency (Hz) Frequency (Hz) Frequency (Hz) Frequency (Hz)

Applications of Fourier Transform

- Shazam "finger printing" using Fourier Transforms
- Images The Gabor Transform for facial recognition
- Filtering data/ Extracting patterns
- Sound processing discarding sound
- System Identification
 - Transfer function H(f) = Y(f) / X(f)

The (Fast) Fourier Transform

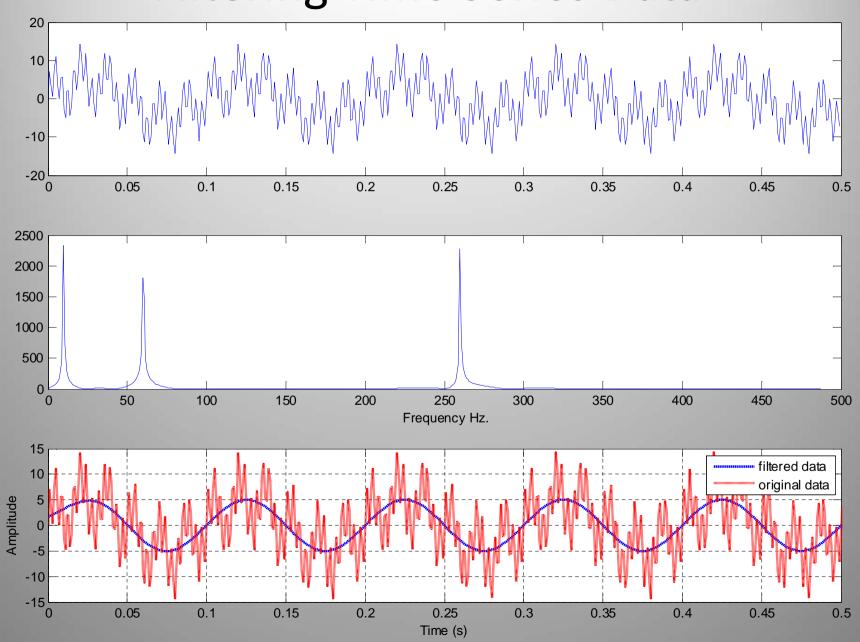
- Discrete-time Fourier Transform –assumes sampled data and limited length
- Implementations available in lots of programming languages e.g. http://www.fftw.org/
- PHP implementation at:

http://www.phpclasses.org/package/6193-PHP-Compute-the-Fast-Fourier-Transform-of-sampled-data.html

Google Analytics API at:

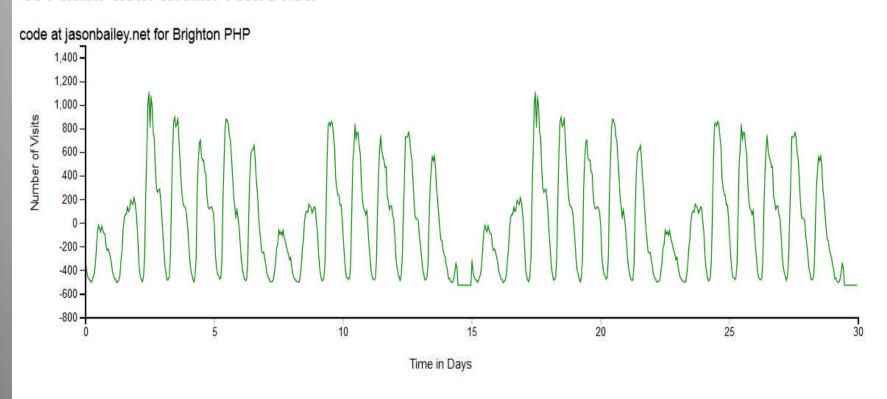
http://code.google.com/p/google-api-php-client

Filtering Time Series Data



Get the Google Analytics data with PHP and save as JSON

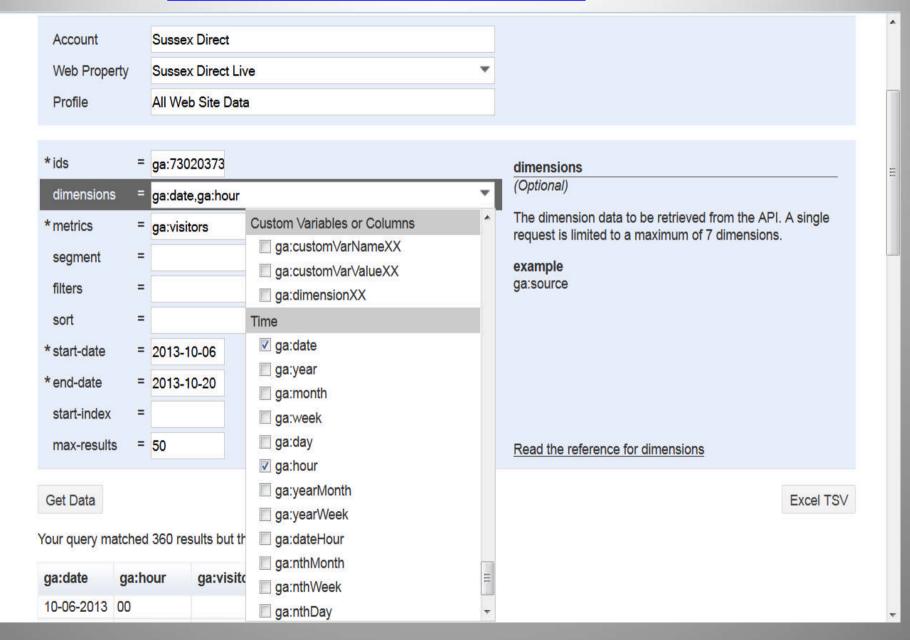
GA data with mean removed



Google Analytics Query Explorer 2

Useful tool

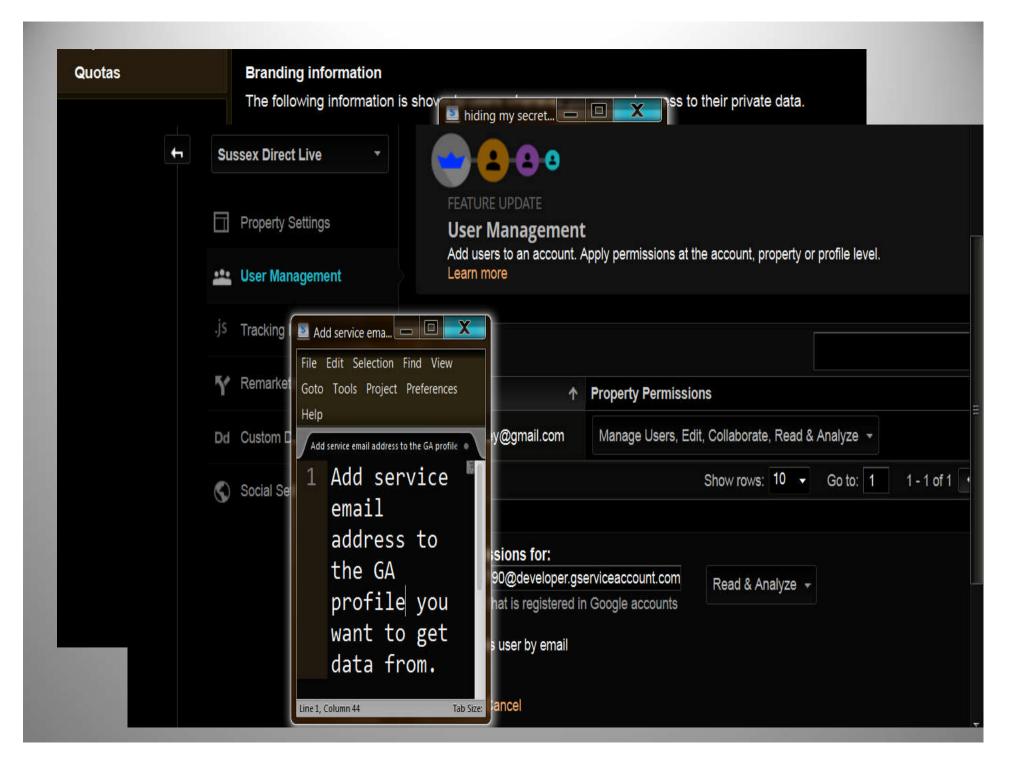
http://ga-dev-tools.appspot.com/explorer/



Setup Access to GA for your code

Set up service account at Google API console Key and Email

Allow service email access to GA https://code.google.com/apis/console/



Code for illustration

I didn't go through each line API at:

http://code.google.com/p/google-api-php-client

```
INTERATEDE CHE GOOGTE OFFERE ON FOCE
$client = new Google Client();
$client->setApplicationName('Brighton PHP talk');
$client->setAssertionCredentials(
        new Google AssertionCredentials(
        '3xxxxxxxxx0@developer.gserviceaccount.com', array('https://www.google
);
$client->setClientId('3xxxxxxxxx0.apps.googleusercontent.com');
$client->setAccessType('offline access');
$analytics = new Google AnalyticsService($client);
$analytics id = 'ga:73020373'; // http://productforums.google.com/forum/#!top
// get data for the last 2 weeks
$lastWeek = date('Y-m-d', strtotime('-2 week'));
$today = date('Y-m-d');
// Test connection
try {
    $results = $analytics->data ga->get($analytics id, $lastWeek, $today, 'ga:
    echo '<b>Number of visits this week:</b> ';
    echo $results['totalsForAllResults']['qa:visits'];
```

Code for illustration

I didn't go through each line

```
64
    $metrics = "ga:visits"; // number of visits
    $dimensions = "ga:date,ga:hour"; // by days, hours
    $sort = "ga:date,ga:hour"; // order by date, time
    $optParams = array('dimensions' => $dimensions, 'sort' => $sort);
68 ptry {
69
        $results = $analytics->data ga->get($analytics id, $lastWeek, $today, $met
    catch (Exception $e) {
       echo 'There was an error : - ' . $e->getMessage();
    $data = $results ['rows']; // This is the time series data we want
```

```
$results =
    $analytics->data_ga
    ->get($analytics_id, $lastWeek, $today, $metrics, $optParams);
```

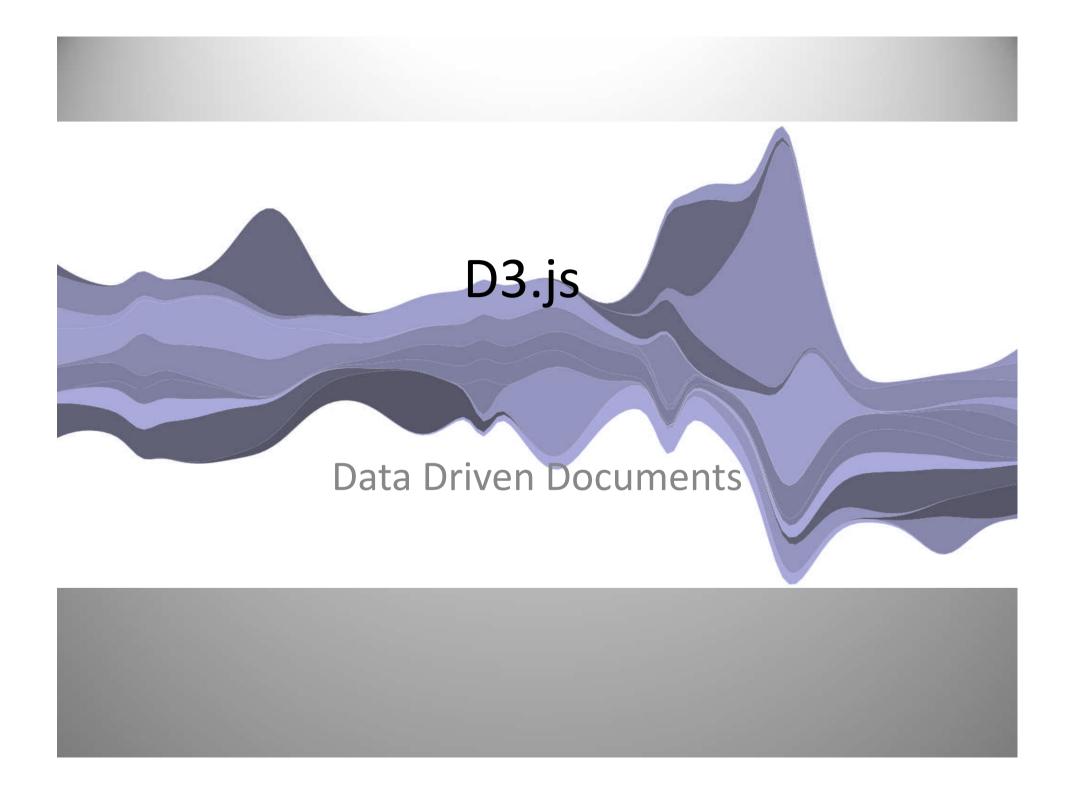
Do the FFT with PHP

Code for illustration

I didn't go through each line

```
$nfft = 256; // n point FFT: Good example in Matlab at:
// http://www.mathworks.co.uk/help/matlab/ref/fft.html
//zero mean GA data
```

```
$fft = new FFT($nfft);
// create power/abs fft
$data = json decode($string);
// Calculate the FFT of the function $f
w = fft->fft(data);
$power = $fft->getAbsFFT($w);
// save abs value of absfft.json for fft.html
echo 'data for fft.html<br />';
$powerJson = json encode($power);
```



Code for illustration

I didn't go through each line

```
<script type="text/javascript">
    var w = 500:
   var h = 50:
    var dataset = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
   //Create SVG element
    var svg = d3.select("body").append("svg")
                .attr("width", 500).attr("height", 50);
    var circles = svg.selectAll("circle").data(dataset).enter()
        .append("circle");
    circles.attr("cx", function(d, i) {
                return (i * 50) + 25;
            1)
           .attr("gy", h/2).attr("r", function(d) {
                return d:
           1);
</script>
```

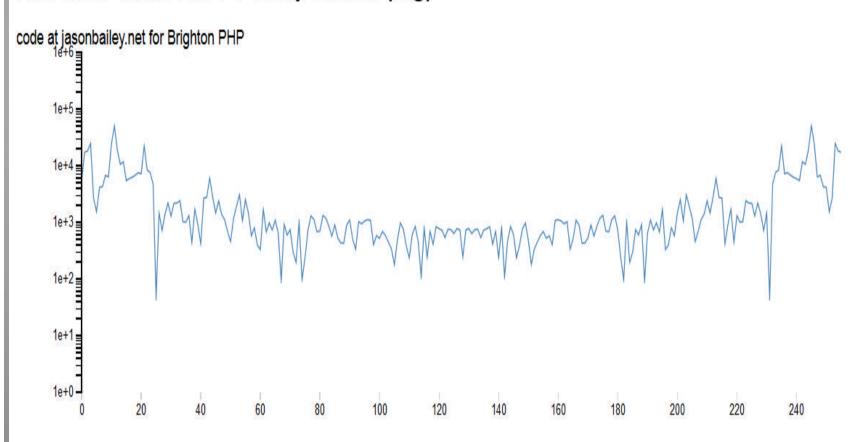
http://knowledgestockpile.blogspot.co.uk/2012/01/understanding-selectall-data-enter.html

http://alignedleft.com/content/03-tutorials/01-d3/110-drawing-svgs/3.html

Present the data with d3.js

The absolute value of the Fast Fourier Transform

Absolute value of FFT components (log)



Code for illustration

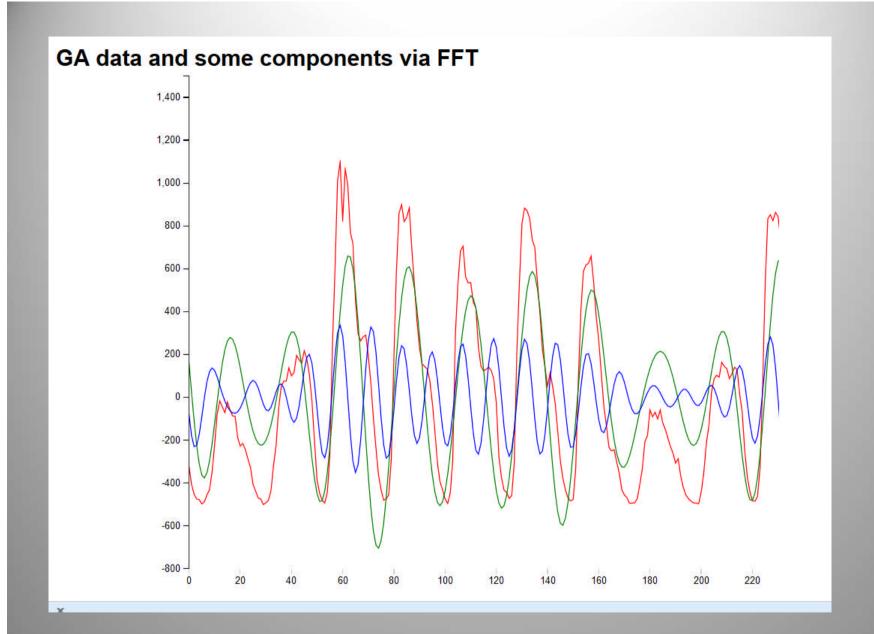
I didn't go through each line

```
<script>
        d3.json("zero-mean-y.json", function(error, data) {
33
            plotChart(data): //load the ison data
34
35
        });
36
37
        function plotChart(data) {
38
            var w = 800; //width
39
            var h = 400; // height
            var x = d3.scale.linear().domain([0, ((data.length) - 0) / 24]).range([0, w]); // 24
40
41
            var y = d3.scale.linear().domain([-800, 1500]).range([h,0]);
42
43
            var xAxis = d3.svg.axis().scale(x).orient("bottom"); //x axis at bottom
44
45
            var yAxis = d3.svg.axis().scale(y).orient("left"); // y axis on left
46
47
            var line = d3.svg.line().x(function(d, i) {
48
                        return x(i) / 24; // divide x values by 24 to get hours in days
49
                    }).y(function(d, i) {
                        return y(d); });
50
51
            var graph = d3.select("#graph").append("svg:svg").attr("width", w )
52
53
                    .attr("height", h+ 200 ).append("svg:g")
                    .attr("transform", "translate(" + 100 + "," + 100 + ")"); // move chart down
54
55
56
            graph.append("svg:path").attr("d", line(data)); // red line
57
                    graph.append("g").attr("class", "x axis")
58
                     .attr("transform", "translate(0," + h + ")").call(xAxis);
59
            graph.append("g").attr("class", "v axis").call(vAxis);
60
61
62
                    graph.append("text").attr("class", "x label")
                    .attr("text-anchor", "end").attr("x", w - (w / 2))
63
64
                    .attr("y", h + 45).text("Time in Days");
65
                    graph.append("text").attr("class", "y label")
66
                    .attr("text-anchor", "end").attr("y", -60).attr("x", -60)
67
68
                    .attr("dy", ".75em").attr("transform", "rotate(-90)")
                    .text("Number of Visits");
69
```

The Desired Result

Filtered data and original data using d3.js

Not finished



http://erushi.com/brightonphp/allseries.html

In summary

- Set up Google service account/key
- Register account with Google analytics
- Get the data and save as JSON
- Process the data with FFT
- Present the data with d3.js

Thank you

Code available at:

http://www.jasonbailey.net/stuff/brighton-php-october-2013-talk/

https://github.com/espeecat/brightonphpfftd3js2013

- Will work on localhost
- remember:
 - Set-up google service account (email address)
 - Download key
 - Allow email address to access GA profile

Twitter @espeecat http://www.jasonbailey.net